



*This proton spectrum shows the stable isotopically labeled mycotoxin (±)-[ $^{13}\text{C}_3$ ]-citrinin in  $\text{CDCl}_3$ .*

## Dominik Bergmann, 2016

Institute of Food Chemistry | Westfälische Wilhelms-Universität Münster

**Field strength:** 400 MHz

### Why is this your favorite spectrum?

The spectrum beautifully shows the presence of two isotopomers a and b in a 1:1 ratio. An additional splitting occurs for the methine proton of a or b which is directly bound to  $^{13}\text{C}$ . The isotopomers occurred because of a rearrangement via a phenonium-ion during the  $\text{BBr}_3$ -mediated deprotection reaction of the total synthesis.

Further reading via DOI: [10.1007/s12550-018-0308-3](https://doi.org/10.1007/s12550-018-0308-3)